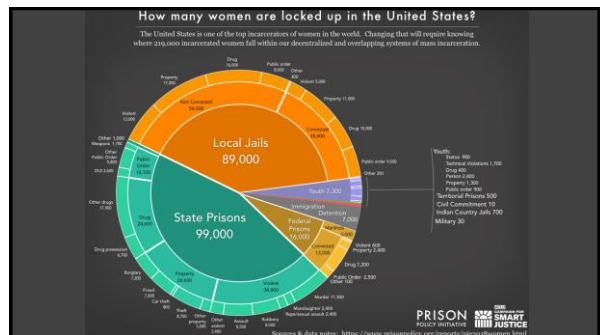
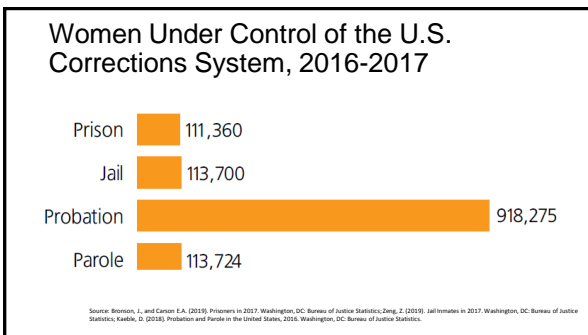
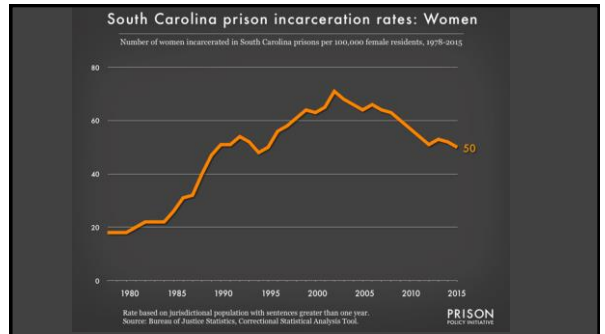
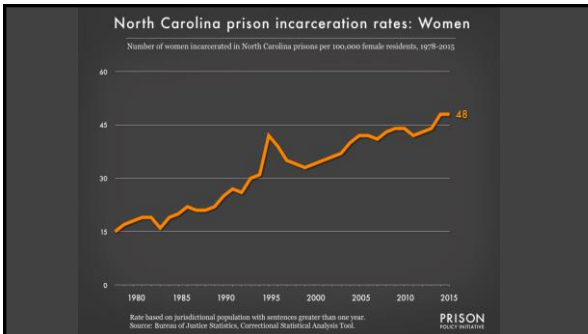
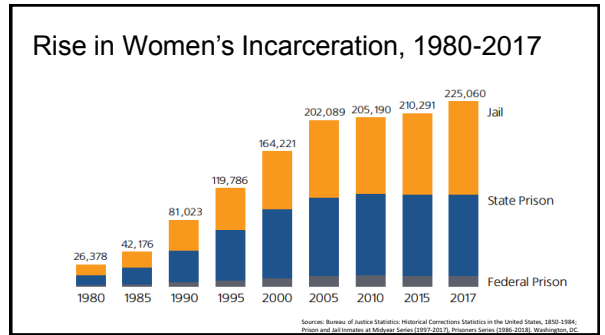
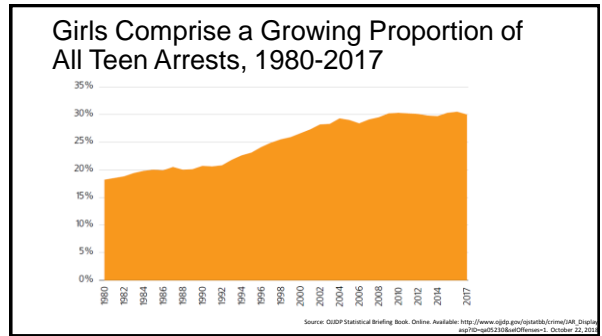
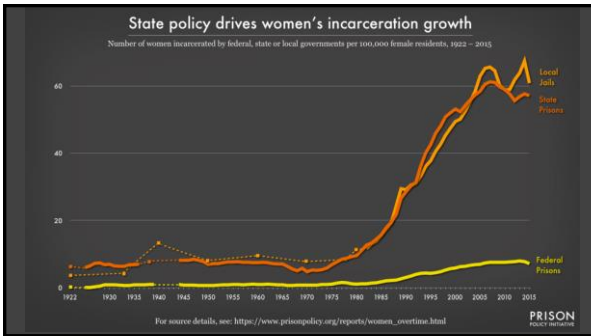
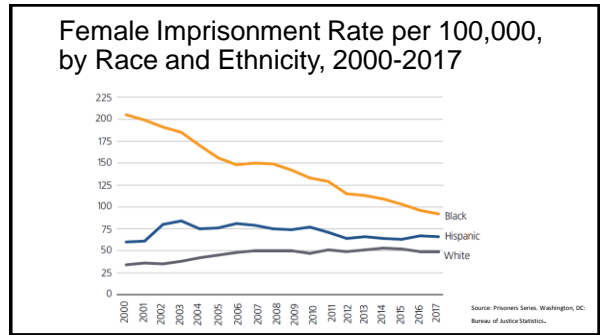
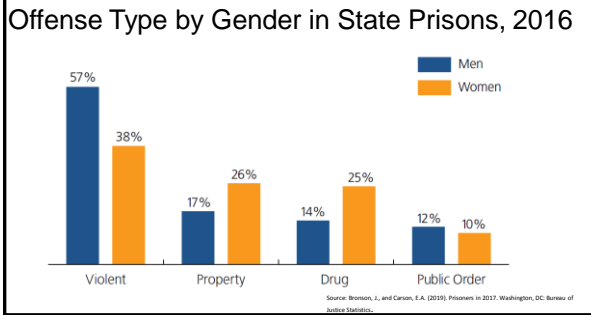


Incarcerated Women: Data, Perinatal Health Concerns, & Promising Practices

Megan Canady, MSW, MSPH
 UNC Center for Maternal and Infant Health
 Perinatal Partnership Conference
 September 24, 2019



Incarceration and Perinatal Health

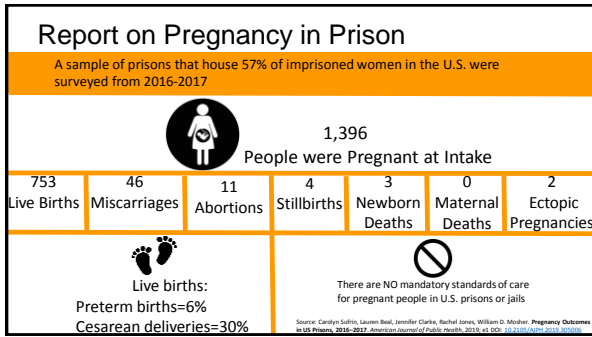
| | |
|--------------------|-----------------------|
| Prenatal Care | Care for Infant |
| Labor and Delivery | Family Separation |
| Postpartum Care | Reunification/Reentry |

Jail Will Separate 2.3 Million Mothers from Their Children this Year


2,879,000 women are jailed in the U.S. each year

- 80% of them are mothers
- 25% have children under the age of 5
- Nearly 150,000 of women are pregnant when they are admitted to jail

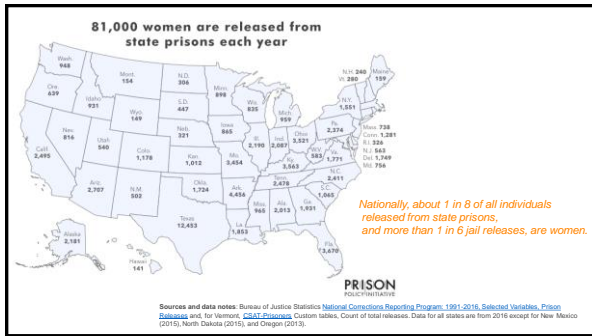
Source: Federal Bureau of Investigation, *Crime in the United States 2016*










Shackling During Labor



- The Federal Government has banned the practice for federal prisons
- 22 States have laws against the practice
- North Carolina has a policy against the practice
- South Carolina is one of six states that has NO policy or law against the practice
- Promising legislation for both states regarding shackling practices
 - North Carolina: H.B. 988
 - South Carolina: H.3967



Promising Practices

| | | | |
|---|----------------------------|---|--|
|  | Bail Reform |  | Behavioral and Mental Health Treatment |
|  | Lactation Support Programs |  | Visitation Programs |
|  | Activism and Advocacy |  | Reentry Programs |
|  | Doula Projects | | |